

WARNING

Caving, canyoning, working on a rope or at great height, rescue and safety practices are all dangerous activities. The following advice does not eliminate the risks inherent in these activities. The manufacturer accept is not responsible for mistreatment and/or misuse of the equipment. The user must take responsibility for his or her actions and decisions in the field.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USE



- This product is a static rope designed for caving, canyoning, working on a rope or at a great height and rescue and safety practices. Its use should enable a person to move, progress or descend, respecting the conditions set out below.
- Users who find themselves in situations where they are practising free climbing should use a dynamic rope compliant with the standard EN 892. Static ropes should never be used in a situation where the user may suffer a fall greater than factor 1. For optimum safety there should be a reliable anchor point above the user and slack between the user and the anchor point should be avoided.
- The user, in normal situation or in emergency situation, must to be in a perfect physical and psychological condition to use his static rope in safe condition.
- This product should be used by trained and/or competent people, or the user should be supervised by a trained and /or competent person.
- Before and during the use, think about the measures to be taken to achieve safe and effective rescue.
- This product must never be modified without the agreement of the manufacturer and repairs must be in keeping with the manufacturer's way of operate.
- Equipment must not to be used in an other situation or in an other way than situations described above.
- Your rope is a personal piece of equipment. It may suffer invisible damage in your absence. When your rope is being used by a group, we advise you to nominate one person or user in charge for each product, to ensure that it is looked after properly.
- Thin ropes may require a specific protection system.
- The rope must be protected from sharp edges and falling rocks, which could cut the strands. Make sure that your carabiners and other gear are free of burrs and undamaged. The overlapping of two ropes in a carabiner or screw link make cause it to break. Avoid abseiling or top roping too fast, as this will accelerate wear and can burn the rope. The maximum admissible temperature of use is 80°C for a short period. Check the length of the rope before abseiling or top roping. Tie a knot in the end of your rope for added safety.
- Before and after each outing, check the general condition of the rope by sight and touch. Replace the rope as soon as possible after a heavy fall or when you notice deterioration. If in doubt, return the rope to the manufacturer.
- The user must consider his rope awry if there are burn traces on the cover, if the rope is nicked, if its diameter is irregular or every other sign of deterioration. Before any use, the user have to realize a sight and touch checking of his rope. When the rope is wet it loses some of its strength and is much more sensitive to abrasion. Take extra precautions.
- If the user has any doubt about his materials or if the equipment had ever been used to stopping a fall and until someone capable to allowed by writing the agreement to continue to use the product, the product have to be remote from service
- Lowest resistance of the anchor device or structure chosen must be 15kN minimum.
- Use a screw link or a carabiner for abseiling or top roping. Do not pass the rope over a branch, on a ring, in the eye of a piton or directly in an anchor plate. The different elements of the protection system (harness, carabiners, straps, descenders, anchors) chosen should comply with European standards and/or EC approved, and adapted to the diameter of the rope.
- The figure-eight knot is recommended for tying-in. Tie a good tight figure-eight knot. The minimum length of rope each side of the rope is 10 cm.

- To reduce risks of falling and the height of falls, the anchor point of the rope must always be above the climber to never overtake fall factor 1.

- The harness (standard EN361) is the only device tolerated in a stopping falling system (standard EN 363).

- Before and after use, height of falls must be anticipated. The user must be positioned below the anchor point of the rope. The user must always check the open space below himself to avoid any clash with obstacle.

- The rope should never come into contact with corrosive and aggressive substances or chemical agents (acids, oils, petrol products) which away destroy the fibres without leaving any visible traces of damage.

- Use a rope bag to transport your rope. This protects the rope from dirt and reduces the risk of twists or kinks.

- There is a marking on each end of the rope. An adhesive label which gives to the rope reference an type, A or B and the diameter (note that A 10 means Type A, Diameter 10 mm.)

Explanation of the labelling :

-Type A : As access rope, all type of work with fixed rope, rescue, caving.

-Type B : have lower performances compared to type A. Must pay attention when using type B rope.

-CE : rope having been inspected in accordance with the standard specified and the directive 89/686/CEE.

-EN 1891(1998): standard for woven, sheathed ropes with low elongation factor, referring to the EC type inspection.

-ISO 9001 : production with assurance of quality (meeting the requirements of the standard ISO 9001).

-0333 : organism in charge of monitoring quality. AFAQ AFNOR Certification- 116, avenue Aristide Briand BP40-92224-Bagneux Cedex.

-Batch N° : The batch number provides tracability and also enables the identification of both the tests that have been conducted and the meticulous checks carried out at each stage in the manufacture of the batch fibre and the weaving of the rope, together with the date of manufacture.

-Check : The person having carried out the finishing.

- Every length of rope must show this information.

- The length of life of your rope depends of the frequency and manner of use. Use of the rope leads to wear and ageing, through mechanical stress, friction, ultraviolet rays and humidity. The rope may suffer irreparable damage.

DURABILITY AFTER FIRST UTILISATION :

Intensive use : 3 months to 1 year

Medium use : 2 to 3 years

Occasional use : 4 to 5 years

ATTENTION : These instructions have to be translated in the language of the country where the product is sold.

CARE AND STORAGE

- Wash your rope with clean and cold water.

All other way of cleaning is prohibited.

Store the rope away from the light, protected from humidity, frost, ultraviolet rays and any source of heat likely to damage the properties of the rope.

ATTENTION : When the rope is wet, do not store in an airtight bag or room. Leave to dry out entirely, away from the light and all sources of heat.

PERIODIC EXAMS

- Periodical checking of the product are necessary to maintain an insecure use.

The product should be examined at least once a year by a qualified person authorised by the manufacturer.

Readability of instructions on the product must be checked.

REPAIRS

- This product must never be modified without the agreement of the manufacturer and repairs must be in keeping with the manufacturer's way of operate.

IDENTIFICATION CARD

MODEL AND BRAND NAME :

NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE MANUFACTURER :

BATCH NUMBER :

YEAR OF MANUFACTURE :

DATE OF PURCHASE :

WAY OF CARE AND LENGTH OF LIFE :

DATE OF FIRST USE :

PERIODICAL EXAMS AND REPAIRS :